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Exam : **312-49v8**

Title : Computer Hacking Forensic
Investigator Exam

Vendors : EC-COUNCIL

Version : DEMO

NO.1 Which of the following statements is not a part of securing and evaluating electronic crime scene checklist?

- A. Locate and help the victim
- B. Transmit additional flash messages to other responding units
- C. Request additional help at the scene if needed
- D. Blog about the incident on the internet

Answer: D

NO.2 When collecting electronic evidence at the crime scene, the collection should proceed from the most volatile to the least volatile

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

NO.3 Networks are vulnerable to an attack which occurs due to overextension of bandwidth, bottlenecks, network data interception, etc.

Which of the following network attacks refers to a process in which an attacker changes his or her IP address so that he or she appears to be someone else?

- A. IP address spoofing
- B. Man-in-the-middle attack
- C. Denial of Service attack
- D. Session sniffing

Answer: A

NO.4 Computer forensics report provides detailed information on complete computer forensics investigation process. It should explain how the incident occurred, provide technical details of the incident and should be clear to understand. Which of the following attributes of a forensics report can render it inadmissible in a court of law?

- A. It includes metadata about the incident
- B. It includes relevant extracts referred to in the report that support analysis or conclusions
- C. It is based on logical assumptions about the incident timeline
- D. It maintains a single document style throughout the text

Answer: C

NO.5 Which of the following Wi-Fi chalking methods refers to drawing symbols in public places to advertise open Wi-Fi networks?

- A. WarWalking
- B. WarFlying
- C. WarChalking
- D. WarDhving

Answer: C